200000183

THIE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE; PRESENTS SHALL COME;

The Regents of the University of Galifornia

Therens, there has been presented to the

Secretary of Agriculture

AN APPLICATION REQUESTING A CERTIFICATE OF PROTECTION FOR AN ALLEGED DISTINCT VARIETY OF SEXUALLY REPRODUCED, OR TUBER PROPAGATED PLANT, THE NAME AND DESCRIPTION OF WHICH ARE CONTAINED IN THE APPLICATION AND EXHIBITS, A COPY OF WHICH IS HEREUNTO ANNEXED AND MADE A PART HEREOF, AND THE VARIOUS REQUIREMENTS OF LAW IN SUCH CASES MADE AND PROVIDED HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, AND THE TITLE THERETO IS, FROM THE RECORDS OF THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE, IN THE APPLICANT(S) INDICATED IN THE SAID COPY, AND WHEREAS, UPON DUE EXAMINATION MADE, THE SAID APPLICANT(S) IS (ARE) ADJUDGED TO BE ENTITLED TO A CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION UNDER THE LAW.

NOW, THEREFORE, THIS CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION IS TO GRANT UNTO THE SAID APPLICANT(S) AND THE SUCCESSORS, HEIRS OR ASSIGNS OF THE SAID APPLICANT(S) FOR THE TERM OF TWENTY YEARS FROM THE DATE OF THIS GRANT, SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE REQUIRED FEES AND PERIODIC REPLENISHMENT OF VIABLE BASIC SEED OF THE VARIETY IN A PUBLIC REPOSITORY AS PROVIDED BY LAW, THE CHT TO EXCLUDE OTHERS FROM SELLING THE VARIETY, OR OFFERING IT FOR SALE, OR REPRODUCING IT, OR PRING IT, OR EXPORTING IT, OR CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE PURPOSE, OR USING IT IN PRODUCING A HYBRID OR DIFFERENT VARIETY THEREFROM, TO THE EXTENT ED BY THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION ACT. IN THE UNITED STATES SEED OF THIS VARIETY (I) SOLD BY VARIETY NAME ONLY AS A CLASS OF CERTIFIED SEED AND (2) SHALL CONFORM TO THE NUMBER OF THE RIGHTS. (84 STAT. 1542, AS AMENDED, 7 U.S.C. 2321

COWPEA

'California Blackeye-No. 27'

In Jestimonn Thereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Hant Dariety Hrotection Office to be affixed at the City of Washington, D.C. this fifth day of Tebruary, in the year of our Lord two thousand one.

Secretary of Agriculture

Attest:

Clark Roy

Acting Commissioner

Plant Variety Protection Office

Agricultural Marketing Service

ANAMAX

REPRODUCE LOCALLY. Include form number and date on all reproductions

UC Case No. 2000-104-1 Form Approved - OMB No. 0581-0055

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTL.
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE
SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY - PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE

The following state ments are mao. accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a) and the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995.

APPLICATION FOR PLANT VARI	ETY PROTECTION C	CERTIFICA on reverse)	TE d	U.S.C. 2421).	Information is held confidential until	il certificate is is:	sued (7 U.S.C. 2426).
1 NAME OF OWNER The Regents of the University of California				2. TEMPORARY DESIGNATION EXPERIMENTAL NAME	Cal	ariety name lifornia ackeye No. 27	
4 ADDRESS (Street and No., or R.F.D. No., City, State, and ZIP Code, and Country)					5. TELEPHONE (include area of	rode)	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY
1111 Franklin Street, 12th Floor					(510) 587-6000		ONUMBER
Oakland, California 94607-5200				6. FAX (include area code) 2 0 (510) 587–6090 FILING F		0 0 0 0 0 1 8 3	
7. IF THE OWNER NAMED IS NOT A "PERSON", GIVE FORM OF ORGANIZATION (corporation, partnership, association, etc.) Corporation 8. IF INCORPORATED, G STATE OF INCORPOR			DRATION	9. DATE OF INCORPORATION June 18, 1868	3/10/00		
10 NAME AND ADDRESS OF OWNER REPRESE	ENTATIVE(S) TO SERVE IN TH						FILING AND EXAMINATION FEES:
Benton S. Duffett, J Burns, Doane, Swecke P.O. Box 1404 Alexandria, VA 22313	r & Mathis, L.	The second secon	ngton			투	s 2950.00 DATE $03/10/00$ CERTIFICATION FEE: s 320 DATE $10/23/30$
11. TELEPHONE (Include area code) 12	2. FAX (Include area-code)	1	13. E_MAIL		14. CROP KIND (Common Name)		
(703) 838-6602	(703) 836-202	1 1	bend@1	burnsdoane.com Cowpea			a.
15 GENUS AND SPECIES NAME OF CROP 16. FAM				LY NAME (Botanical) 17. IS THE VARIETY A FIRST GENERATION HYBRID? JUMI 10536 Tyes XXI NO			
18. CHECK APPROPRIATE BOX FOR EACH ATTACHMENT SUBMITTED (Follow instructions on reverse) a. Exhibit A. Origin and Breeding History of the Variety b. Exhibit B. Statement of Distinctness c. Exhibit C. Objective Description of Variety d. Exhibit D. Additional Description of the Variety (Optional) e. Exhibit E. Statement of the Basis of the Owner's Ownership f. Variety Sample (2,500 viable untreated seeds or, for tuber propagated varieties, verification that tissue culture will be depositied and maintained in an approved public repository) g. Fling and Examination Fee (\$2,450), made psyable to "Treasurer of the United"				19. DOES THE OWNER SPECIFY THAT SEED OF THIS VARIETY BE SOLD AS A CLASS OF CERTIFIED SEED? See Section 83(a) of the Plant Variety Protection Act) YES (If yes*, answer items 20 NO (if 'no," go to item 22) 20. DOES THE OWNER SPECIFY THAT SEED OF THIS VARIETY BE LIMITED AS TO NUMBER OF GENERATIONS? YES NO 21. IF YES* TO ITEM 20, WHICH CLASSES OF PRODUCTION BEYOND BREEDER SEED? YOUNDATION REGISTERED CERTIFIED			
22. HAS THE VARIETY (INCLUDING ANY HARVESTED MATERIAL) OR A HYBRID PRODUCED FROM THIS VARIETY BEEN SOLD, DISPOSED OF, TRANSFERRED, OR USED IN THE U. S. OTHER COUNTRIES? YES 10 YES 10 YES 10 YES YES			R USE	23. IS THE VARIETY OR ANY COMPONENT OF THE VARIETY PROTECTED BY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT (PLANT BREEDER'S RIGHT OR PATENT)? YES IF YES, PLEASE GIVE COUNTRY, DATE OF FILING OR ISSUANCE AND ASSIGNED REFERENCE NUMBER. (Please use space indicated on reverse.)			
24. The owners declare that a viable sample of b for a tuber propagated variety a tissue culture. The undersigned owner(s) is(are) the owner and is entitled to protection under the provision owner(s) is(are) informed that false representing the provision of the provision owner(s) is(are) informed that false representing the provision of the provision owner(s) is(are) informed that false representing the provision of the provis	pasic seed of the variety will be fit will be deposited in a public re- of this sexually reproduced or tu- ons of Section 42 of the Plant Va	umished with appository and ma aber propagated ariety Protection	oplication an sintained for plant variety Act.	nd will be replen r the duration of ty, and believe(s ies.	ished upon request in accordance to the certificate.) that the variety is new, distinct, un OF OWNER	with such regulat	tions as may be applicable, or
NAME (Please print or type)			Magaritan (NAME (Heas	e print or type)		
Linda S. Stevenson			1 12				DATE
CAPACITY OR TITLE Principal Prosecution Analyst: 3-7-00 2T-470 (6-98) designed by the Plant Variety Protection Office with WordPerfect 6.0a. Replaces STD-470.			ALC: N	CAPACITY OR TITLE DATE (03-96) which is obsolete. (See reverse for instructions and information collection burden statements)			

Application for Plant Variety Protection Certificate for 'CB27'

Item 18 attachments

18a. Exhibit A. Origin and Breeding History of the Variety

'California Blackeye No. 27' (CB27) was developed from a single plant selection made in 1992 from University of California, Riverside (UCR) breeding line H8-8. Line H8-8 was developed using a pedigree breeding procedure from a cross between UCR breeding lines 336 and 1393 made in 1986. UCR breeding line 336 was the result of a cross between CB5 and CB3 made in 1983. UCR breeding line 1393 was developed from a three-way cross involving heat tolerant accessions 'Prima' and TVu4552 made in 1981, and then University of California, Davis (UCD) breeding line 7977 in 1983. UCD 7977 has the pedigree PI166146/CB5//CB5.

Breeding line 1393 has heat tolerance derived from Prima and TVu4552. Heat tolerance was selected by evaluating segregating populations for flower production and podset under very hot summer field conditions at the University of California Desert Research and Extension Center, near El Centro, CA. The F₂, F₄, and F₆ generations derived from the cross 1393/336 that gave rise to H8-8 were also evaluated for heat tolerance during the summers of 1987 and 1989 at the Desert Research and Extension Center.

Selection for agronomic and seed quality traits was conducted at the UCR Experiment Station in 1988-89. H8-8 was first evaluated in replicated yield tests in 1990 as a line derived from a bulk of an F₆ family made in 1989. The F₃ and F₅ generations were evaluated for Fusarium wilt resistance in greenhouse pot evaluations conducted using a standard seedling root-clip-dip inoculation procedure in the winters of 1987-88 and 1988-89. Single plant selections from H8-8, taken in 1992, were evaluated for resistance to *Meloidogyne incognita* and *M. javanica* using growth chamber 'pouch' and field tests, and for heat tolerance at the UCR Coachella Valley Agricultural Research Station, Oasis, CA, in 1992 and 1993. Field performance trials of the H8-8 sublines were conducted on experiment stations and farmers fields in the San Joaquin Valley, CA from 1992 through 1998.

CB27 is uniform and stable as noted in numerous large plot and small plot trials. Rarely, outcrossing occurs that results in off-type plants. Most off-types produce long vines at flowering and can be easily rouged.

CB27 and the commercially available California blackeye varieties CB46, CB88 and CB5 have the nematode resistance gene 'Rk' that confers strong resistance to common strains of Meloidogyne incognita root-knot nematode. CB27 also carries an additional gene that broadens the effectiveness of this resistance by providing protection against Rk-virulent forms of M. incognita and M. javanica root-knot nematodes not controlled by gene Rk alone. Reproduction and root galling on CB27 caused by Rk-

virulent M. incognita and M. javanica are about half that observed on CB46 and CB88 (Table 1).

CB27 has resistance to both Race 3 and Race 4 of Fusarium wilt (*Fusarium oxysporum* F.sp. *tracheiphilum*), while CB46 and CB88 only have resistance to Race 3 of this disease (Table 2). CB5 is susceptible to both Race 3 and Race 4. Race 3 is the predominate race of Fusarium wilt in California, but fields with Race 4 have been identified in several counties in California. CB27 produced greater yields than CB46 and CB88 in fields where Fusarium wilt Race 4 and a gene *Rk*-virulent strain of *M. incognita* root-knot nematode were present in trials conducted in fields near Denair, CA in 1995 and 1996. CB27 yielded 21.0 and 24.5 cwt/ac while CB46 yielded 16.5 and 20.8, and CB88 yielded 11.5 and 10.2 cwt/ac in 1995 and 1996, respectively.

UC Case No. 2000-104-1
FORM APPROVED: OMB NO. 40-R3822

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE
LIVESTOCK, POULTRY, GRAIN & SEED DIVISION
BELTSVILLE, MARYLAND 20705
OBJECTIVE DESCRIPTION OF VARIETY

200000183

(Cowpea) INSTRUCTIONS: See Reverse VARIETY NAME OR TEMPORARY DESIGNATION NAME OF APPLICANT(S) The Regents of the University of California California Blackeye No. 27 ADDRESS (Street and No., or R.F.D. No., City, State, and ZIP Code) FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY PVPO NUMBER 1111 Franklin Street, 12th Floor Oakland, CA 94607-5200 Place the appropriate number that describes the varietal character of this variety in the boxes below. 0 8 9 or 0 9) when number is either 99 or less. Place a zero in first box (e.g. 1. PLANT HABIT AT GREEN SHELL STAGE: 2. PLANT SIZE: 1 = ERECT 2 = SEMIERECT 3 - PROCUMBENT CM. HIGH AT MATURITY 6 4 = PROSTRATE 3. STEM COLOR: 4. NODE COLOR: 1 1 = GREEN 2 2 = PURPLE 1 = GREEN 2 = PURPLE 5. FOLIAGE: LEAF COLOR (See Reverse): 2 1 = OPEN 2 = COMPACT 1 = LIGHT GREEN 2 = MEDIUM GREEN 3 = DARK GREEN 7. LEAF SURFACE: 2 : 1 = SMOOTH 2 = BLISTERED 2 1 = DULL 2 = GLOSSY 8. FLOWER COLOR (See Reverse) 9. FIRST FLOWERING . 1 = PURPLE 2 = LAVENDER 4 3 = TINGED 5 2 NUMBER OF DAYS 4 = WHITE 10. POD: PLACEMENT: 1 = BELOW FOLIAGE 2 = ABOVE FOLIAGE 3 LOCATION: 1 = SCATTERED 2 = BUNCHED 3 = AT FOLIAGE LEVEL 8 CM. LONG 1 0 MM. WIDE CURVATURE: 1 = STRAIGHT 2 = CURVED 2 CONSTRICTIONS: 1 = NONE 2 = SLIGHT SURFACE (Green shell maturity): 1 = DULL 2 = GLOSSY COLOR (Green shell maturity): 1 = SILVER-GREEN 2 = GREEN 3 = LIGHT PURPLE 4 = DARK PURPLE COLOR (Dry maturity): 1 = WHITE 2 = STRAW 3 = DRAB 4 = PURPLE CROSS SECTION (Green shell stage-width/height): 1 = (1: <) 2 = (1: >) 3 = (1:1) 11. SEED: NUMBER OF SEEDS SHAPE (See Reverse): 0 9 1 - KIDNEY 2 - OVATE TO OVOID 3 - CROWDER PER POD 4 - GLOBOSE 5 - RHOMBOID 2 MM. LONG MM. WIDE 0 HILAR EYE TYPE: GM. PER 1000 SEEDS SPECKLED BLOTCH NARROW COAT: 1 = WRINKLED COLOR PATTERN: 1 - SINGLE COLOR 2 - PATTERNED 3 - MARBLED 2 = SMOOTH 4 = SPECKLED PRIMARY COLOR (Single color or basic color): 1 = PURPLE 2 = BLACK 3 = DULL BLACK 0 6 = COFFEE 7 = MAROON 8 = BUFF OR CLAY 9 - PINK SECONDARY COLORS PRODUCING THE PATTERN, MARBLING OR SPECKLING (Enter a zero in boxes where the colors do not identify the secondary colors.): 0 1 = PURPLE 2 = BLACK 3 = DULL BLACK 5 - RED 4 = BLUE

8 = BUFF

7 - MAROON

0

6 - COFFEE

0 - WHITE

9 - PINK

0

		20	0000183
12. DISEASE (0 = Not Tested	, 1 = Susceptible, 2 = Resistant)		
2 FUSARIUM WILT	2 ROOT KNOT NEMATODE	0 CHARCOAL ROT	O ZONATE LEAF SPOT
0 RED LEAF SPOT	0 POWDERY MILDEW	O COWPEA CHLOROTIC	O MOSAIC VIRUS
0 BEAN YELLOW MOSAIC VIRUS	0 CUCUMBER MOSAIC	0 BEAN POD MOTTLE	0 SOYBEAN CYST NEMATODE
O COWPEA YELLOW	0 BACTERIAL CANKER	O CERCOSPORA LEAF-	0 STING NEMATODE
0 RUST	0 SOUTHERN BLIGHT	0 ROOT ROT	OTHER (Specify)
13. INSECT (0 = Not Tested,	1 = Susceptible, 2 = Resistant)		
MEXICAN BEAN	1 COWPEA APHID	0 COWPEA CURCULIO	0 STINK BUGS
0 LESSER CORNSTALK	0 EUROPEAN CORNBORER	0 CORN EARWORM	0 BEET ARMYWORM
0 THRIPS	SERPENTINE LEAF	1 OTHER (Specify) Lygi	us
14. INDICATE WHICH VAR	IETY MOST CLOSELY RESEMBLES THAT S	SUBMITTED:	
CHARACTER	NAME OF VARIETY	CHARACTER	NAME OF VARIETY
Plant size	CB46	Plant habit	CB46
Pod size	CB46	Plant pigmentation	CB46
No. days to maturity	CB46	Seed coloration	CB46
-			

INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL: The following publications may be used as a reference aid for completing this form:

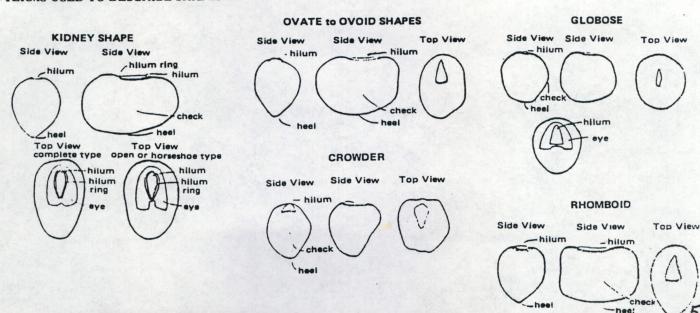
- 1. C. V. Piper, 1912, Agricultural Varieties of Cowpea and Related Species, U.S.D.A., Bulletin No. 229.
- 2. L. L. Ligon, 1958, Characteristics of Cowpea Varieties, Oklahoma State University, Bulletin B-518.
- 3. W. J. Spillman and W. J. Sando, 1929, Mendelian Factors in the Cowpea, papers of the Michigan Academy of Science, Arts and Letters, Vol. XI.

LEAF COLOR: Any recognized color chart may be used to determine the leaf color of the described variety. The following cowpea varieties may be used as a guide to identify colors listed:

- 1. Light Green Texas Cream 40 2. Medium Green Big Boy
- 3. Dark Green California Blackeye #5.

FLOWER COLOR: White flower should be treated with a one percent solution of hydrochloric acid to determine if anthocyanin is present. If color appears as a result of the test, classify as tinged.

TERMS USED TO DESCRIBE SHAPES:



18d. Exhibit D. Additional Description of the Variety

The phenological development of line CB27 is similar to CB46. With a May sowing date and typical growing conditions in the San Joaquin Valley, CA, CB27 begins flowering about 52 days after sowing and matures its first flush of pods in about 95 days from sowing. CB27 has an erect 'bush' growth habit and is substantially more compact than CB5 and CB88, and slightly more compact than CB46.

Preliminary and advanced field tests of CB27 were conducted by UCR from 1992 to 1994. From 1995-1998, replicated yield trials were conducted at several sites in the San Joaquin Valley in collaboration with UCD-based Statewide Dry Bean Testing Program. These tests were conducted in fields free from Race 4 Fusarium wilt and *Rk*-virulent root-knot nematodes and indicate that the yield potential of CB27 is equivalent to CB46 (Table 3).

CB27 has heat tolerance that enhances flower production and pod set under high temperature conditions that are commonly encountered in the southern San Joaquin Valley. Minimum night temperatures greater than 64 °F (18 °C) during the early reproductive period of the crop cause reductions in podset of CB46, CB88 and CB5, but much less so with CB27. CB27 produced 2320 and 1330 lb/ac compared to 1800 and 380 lb/ac for CB5 in field trials conducted specifically to measure the effects of heat tolerance on grain yields at the Shafter Field Station near Bakersfield, CA and at the UCR Coachella Valley Agricultural Field Station, respectively, in 1996 (See Ismail, A. M. and A. E. Hall. 1998. Crop Sci. 38: 381-390). CB27 also has produced greater yields than CB46 at location/years having hot temperatures during the reproductive period of the crop (Table 3).

CB27 has a bright white seed coat and typical blackeye bean appearance. The seed shape is similar to CB5, slightly flatter and less round than CB46. Its individual seed weight is about the same or slightly greater than CB46 (Table 4). The seed does not 'leak' dark pigments when soaked or canned. Canning tests by S&W Foods, Modesto,

CA and Michigan State University of grain grown in two locations in 1996 and 1997 suggest that this line has excellent canning quality.

CB27 will only be available as Certified Seed that is produced in the Central Valley of California from Foundation Seed provided by the Foundation Seed Services of the California Crop Improvement Association (CCIA) and Certified by the CCIA. Our experience indicates that CB27 seed can be produced in the Central Valley of California with no detectable levels of known seed-borne diseases. Various serious seed-borne diseases, such as blackeye cowpea mosaic potyvirus and bacterial blight, occur frequently in many other cowpea producing regions of the United States. Foundation Seed can be used to produce Foundation Seed when sufficient breeders seed is not available.

200000183

Table 1. Comparison of CB27 and CB46 for reproduction (number of egg masses) of *Rk*-avirulent and *Rk*-virulent *M. incognita* and *M. javanica* root-knot nematodes in growth chamber 'pouch' tests, and field ratings of root galling in the presence of these nematodes.

	Rk-avirulent M. incognita		Rk-virulent				
			M. incognita		M. java	nica	
Line	Reprod.	Gall ¹	Reprod.	Gall ²	Reprod.	Gall ²	
	-no	score	-no	score	-no	score	
CB27	0	0	70	2.1	71	2.3	
CB46	2	0.03	150	4.7	207	4.9	
CB88	1	0	176	5.1	227	4.5	
Sus. Check ³	211	0.60	135	2.0	367	6.8	
L.S.D _{.(0.05)}	17	0.15	47	0.9	53	0.6	

'Gall = Galling scores based on a standardized scale- 0 = no detectable galling to 4 = heavily galled

 2 Gall = Galling scores based on a standardized scale- 0 = no detectable galling to 10 = heavily galled.

³ Susceptible check is either CB3 or H8-9; both lines do not carry gene Rk

Table 2. Average scores¹ (± S.E.) of 10-12 plants for reaction of CB27, CB3, CB88, and CB5 and to Races 3 and 4 of Fusarium wilt (*Fusarium oxysporum* F.sp. *tracheiphilum*) in seedling root-clip-dip inoculation tests conducted in a greenhouse, Spring 1995.

Genotype	Race 3	Race 4	Classification
CB27	0.0 +0.1	0.1 +0.1	Resistant to Races 3 & 4
CB3	0.3 + 0.2	0.4 + 0.1	Resistant to Races 3 & 4
CB88	0.0 + 0.0	4.7 +0.2	Resistant to Races 3; Susceptible to Race 4
CB5	2.3 ± 0.3	4.6 ±0.2	Susceptible to Races 3 & 4

Plants scored 43 days after inoculation on 0-5 scale where 5 = plant dead, 4 = 80 to 100% of leaves chlorotic; 3 = 30 to 79% of leaves chlorotic; 2 = 1 to 29% of leaves chlorotic; 1 = slight dwarfing and vascular discoloration in stem cross-section; 0 = no symptoms.

UC Case No. 2000-104-1

2	0000183	UC Case No. 2000-104-1		
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE	The following statements are made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a) and the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995.			
EXHIBIT E		determine if a plant variety protection		
STATEMENT OF THE BASIS OF OWNERSHIP	certificate is to be issued (7 U.S.C. 2 until certificate is issued (7 U.S.C. 242	2421). Information is held confidential.		
1. NAME OF APPLICANT(S)	2. TEMPORARY DESIGNATION	3. VARIETY NAME California Blackeye . No. 27		
The Regents of the University of California	OR EXPERIMENTAL NUMBER			
4. ADDRESS (Street and No., or R.F.D. No., City, State, and ZIP, and Country)	5. TELEPHONE (include area code)	6. FAX (include area code)		
1111 Franklin Street, 12th Floor Oakland, California 94607-5200	(510) 587-6000	(510) 587-6090		
Oakland, Calliolina 94007-5200	7. PVPO NUMBER			
8. Does the applicant own all rights to the variety? Mark an "X" in approp	viate block. If no, please explain.	IXI YES INO		
9. Is the applicant (individual or company) a U.S. national or U.S. based of If no, give name of country 10. Is the applicant the original owner? X YES	company? NO If no, please answer one of the	YES NO		
a. If original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), is (are) the o				
TYES T	NO If no, give name of country			
b. If original rights to variety were owned by a company(ies), is(are) the	e original owner(s) a U.S. based compar	ıy?		
X YES	NO If no, give name of country			
11. Additional explanation on ownership (if needed, use reverse for extra s	space):			
PLEASE NOTE:				
Plant variety protection can be afforded only to owners (not licensees) who meet	one of the following criteria:			
1. If the rights to the variety are owned by the original breeder, that person must l	be a U.S. national, national of a UPOV mem	ber country, or national of a country		

- ch affords similar protection to nationals of the U.S. for the same genus and spe
- 2. If the rights to the variety are owned by the company which employed the original breeder(s), the company must be U.S. based, owned by nationals of a UPOV member country, or owned by nationals of a country which affords similar protection to nationals of the U.S. for the same genus and species.
- 3. If the applicant is an owner who is not the original owner, both the original owner and the applicant must meet one of the above criteria.

The original breeder/owner may be the individual or company who directed final breeding. See Section 41(a)(2) of the Plant Variety Protection Act for definition.

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0055. The time required to compete this information collection is estimated to average 10 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in its programs on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, religion, age, disability, political beliefs, and marital or familial status. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs). Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication of program information (braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at 202-720-2600 (voice and TDD).

To file a complaint, write the Secretary of Agriculture, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, D.C. 20250, or call 1-800-245-6340 (voice) or (202) 720-1127 (TDD). USDA is an equal employment opportunity employer,

STD-470-E (07-97) (Destroy previous editions).

Electronic version designed using WordPerfect InForms by USDA-AMS-IMB.